

4-6 Cramer's Rule

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- used determinants to solve systems of equations

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Use elimination to solve for x:

$$-c(ax + by = e)$$

$$+a(cx + dy = f)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -acx & + & bcy = -ec \\ +acx & + & ady = +af \end{array}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & e \\ c & f \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(ad - bc)y = af - ec$$

$$y = \frac{af - ec}{ad - bc}$$

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$$x = \frac{de - bf}{ad - bc}$$

$$\begin{cases} ax + by = e \\ cx + dy = f \end{cases}$$

Denominator is:

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = D$$

Write a determinant matrix for the numerator:

$$D_y = \begin{vmatrix} a & e \\ c & f \end{vmatrix}$$

$$D_x = \begin{vmatrix} e & b \\ f & d \end{vmatrix}$$

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Cramer's Rule:

$$x = \frac{D_x}{D} \quad y = \frac{D_y}{D}$$

Where D_x replaces the coefficients of x with the constants and D_y replaces the coefficients of y with the constants.

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ex:

$$x - 3y = 5$$

$$2x + 9y = -10$$

$$x = \frac{D_x}{D}$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = 15$$

$$x = \frac{15}{15} = 1$$

$$D_x = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -10 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = 15$$

$$y = \frac{D_y}{D}$$

$$D_y = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 2 & -10 \end{vmatrix} = -20$$

$$= \frac{-20}{15} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$\left(1, -\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

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If $D = 0$

then, either

 ∞ # of solutions

OR

 \emptyset

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ex: $\begin{pmatrix} 2x - y = 3 \\ 6x - 3y = -9 \end{pmatrix} \cdot -3$

$$\begin{aligned} -6x + 3y &= -9 \\ 6x - 3y &= -9 \\ \hline 0 &= -18 \end{aligned}$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 6 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$D_x = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -9 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \quad \emptyset$$

$$D_y = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 6 & -9 \end{vmatrix}$$

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3 Variables

Cramer's Rule:

$$x = \frac{D_x}{D} \quad y = \frac{D_y}{D} \quad z = \frac{D_z}{D}$$

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ex:

$$4x + y - z = -2$$

$$x + 3y - 4z = 1$$

$$2x - y + 3z = 4$$

Use
calc.

$$D_y = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -4 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 96$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & -4 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 16$$

$$D_z = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 64$$

$$D_x = \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & -4 \\ 4 & -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -16$$

$$(-1, 6, 4)$$

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HW

p 192-193

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